## Facts About Saturn V

## October 26, 2016

The Saturn V is the biggest rocket ever built. Its start weight was 3 000 000kg. It was able to bring 118 000kg into LEO (Low Earth Orbit) and 45 000kg into a TLI (Trans Lunar Injection) trajectory.

- 1. First stage burns RP-1 (Kerosene) and LOX (Liquid Oxygen). It burns for 165 seconds. Its exhaust velocity is  $2580 \ m.s^{-1}$ . Mass of the fuel burnt is 2 169 000kg, empty mass is 131 000kg.
  - Speed of sound was reached after slightly more than one minute at altitude between 3-4 nautical miles. (4700-7200m)
  - Upon completion, the rocket was at an altitude of 68km (93km downrange) and had a speed of 2500  $m.s^{-1}$ .
- 2. Second stage burns LH2 (Liquid Hydrogen) and LOX (Liquid Oxygen) It burns for 360 seconds. The exhaust velocity is  $4130 \ m.s^{-1}$ .
  - Mass of the fuel burnt in the second stage is 444~000kg. Empty mass is 36~000kg.
  - Upon completion, the rocket was at an altitude of 175km and at a speed of  $7000m.s^{-1}$ .
- 3. Third stages burns LH2/LOX. It burns for 165 seconds to LEO. (at 192 km) Its exhaust velocity is  $4130m.s^{-1}$ . Mass of the fuel is 110 800kg. Empty mass is 10 000kg.
  - After 2-3 orbits, it burns another 335 seconds for TLI. (Speed 10 700  $m.s^{-1}$ )

Wikipedia states a thrust  $34\ 10^6N$  for the first stage, a thrust of  $4.4\ 10^6N$  for the second stage, and  $1\ 10^6N$  for the third stage. Do these numbers make sense?

Using the Ciółkowski equation, compute the  $\Delta V$  for the three stages (the third can be separated into LEO insertion and TLI.) Do these numbers make sense?

T (m:s)	alt (m)	speed $(m.s^{-1})$	remarks
-0:08			(starting ignition)
0:00	0	0	
0:05	31.7	11.8	
0:10	114	27.7	
0:15	273	38.8	'we got the(a?) roll programm (ed?)'
0:20	510	56	
0.25	801	73.6	
0:30	1024	96.2	
0.35	1720	119	'roll is complete and the pitch is programmed'
0:40	2330	145	
0:43			'one bravo'
0.45	3020	172	
0:50	3870	202	
0.55	4790	234	
1:00	5940	271	(one mile) 'Apollo 11, Houston, you are good at one minute')
1:10	8500	364	(downrange distance 1 mile, 1850m)
1:20	11800	495	
1:30	15600	650	
1:40	20200	837	(8 miles downrange, 15 000m)
1:50	25300	1055	
1:57			'marked!, mode one charlie'
2:00	31200	1310	
2:10	37800	1605	
2:15			(inboard cut off)
2:20	45500	1959	
2:30	54500	2337	(downrange 35 miles, 65 000m)
2:40	65200	2716	(stage 1 shutdown and separation)
2:50	74400	2782	
3:00	84000	2830	(downrange 70 miles, 130 000m)
3:08	91200	2871	

I do not know if the downrange numbers are in statute or nautical miles. I think they are so inaccurate that it doesn't matter anyway. Source:

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http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zGNryrsT70I&list=PLC12012F54F0D9B83
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F0Yd-GxJ_QM
// The flight data come from this last video. For some reason,
// it has been taken off youtube.
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