

Object-Oriented Programming (Exercise List 10)

Deadline: 07.06.2011

1. Consider the following three classes:

```
class square
{
    double centerx;
    double centery;
    double side_length;

    double area( ) const;
    double circumference( ) const;
    void print( std::ostream& const;
};

class triangle
{
    double x1, y1;
    double x2, y2;
    double x3, y3;

    double area( ) const;
    double circumference( ) const;
    void print( std::ostream& ) const;
};

class circle
{
    double centerx;
    double centery;
    double radius;

    double area( ) const;
    double circumference( ) const;
    void print( std::ostream& ) const;
}
```

Write suitable constructors for each of the classes, and complete the `area() const`, `circumference() const` and `print() const` methods.

2. We want to be able to put a mixture of squares, triangles, and circles in an `std::list`.

In order to do this, define a class

```
struct surface
{
    surf* ref;
};
```

Make `square`, `triangle` and `circle` inherit from `surf`. Give `surf` a virtual `clone()` method, and implement the concrete `clone()` methods for the subclasses.

3. Write a copy constructor, assignment operator, and a destructor, following the pattern on the slides.
4. Add a function

```
std::ostream& operator << ( std::ostream& stream, const surface& s );
```

according to the pattern on the slides.

5. Fill an `std::list< surface >` with a couple of surfaces, and make sure that the following code works:

```
double total_surface = 0.0;
double total_circumference = 0.0;
for( std::list< surface > :: const_iterator
    p = list. begin( );
    p != list. end( );
    ++ p )
{
    total_surface += p -> surface( );
    total_circumference += p -> circumference( );
    std::cout << *p << "\n";
}

std::cout << "total surface is " << total_surface << "\n";
std::cout << "total circumference is " << total_circumference << "\n";
```

(See the rules for showing code on the course homepage. Default value of a task (when shown on time) is 3 points.)