

Theorem Proving (List 5)

Deadline: 20.04.2016

1. Using DPLL with learning, decide which of the following clause sets are satisfiable. If the clause set is satisfiable, then find a model. If the clause is not satisfiable, then find a resolution refutation.

- (a) $\{A, B\}, \{\neg A, B\}, \{\neg B\}$.
- (b) $\{A, B\}, \{\neg A, B\}, \{A, \neg B\}, \{\neg A, \neg B\}$.
- (c) $\{\neg A, B\}, \{A, C, B\}, \{B, C\}, \{B, \neg C\}$.
- (d) $\{A, B, E\}, \{\neg A, C\}, \{\neg B, D, E\}, \{\neg A, \neg C\}, \{\neg B, \neg D\}, \{\neg E\}$.
- (e) $\{P, Q\}, \{Q, R\}, \{P, R\}, \{\neg P, \neg Q\}, \{\neg R, \neg Q\}, \{\neg R, \neg P\}$.

2. Consider clause set

- (1) $\{A\}$
- (2) $\{\neg A, B\}$
- (3) $\{\neg A, \neg B, C\}$
- (4) $\{\neg A, \neg D, E\}$
- (5) $\{\neg B, \neg D, F\}$
- (6) $\{\neg D, \neg E, \neg F, G\}$
- (7) $\{\neg A, \neg B, \neg G, X\}$
- (8) $\{\neg G, Y\}$
- (9) $\{\neg C, \neg X, \neg Y\}$

In the beginning, clauses 1,2,3 are productive. After that, assume DPLL decides $D := \mathbf{t}$. The resulting state has $S =$

det(A, 1)
det(B, 2)
det(C, 3)
decide(D)

and $I(A) = I(B) = I(C) = I(D) = \mathbf{t}$.

Continue DPLL until a conflict state is reached:

- (a) Give the state of the stack, and the interpretation in the final (conflict) state.

- (b) Backtrack and learn a clause, assuming that learning uses the last decision variable.
- (c) Backtrack and learn a clause, assuming that learning uses the last (nearest to the conflict) UIP.
- (d) In both cases, continue DPLL until an interpretation is found.