

# COURSE OF C++ PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

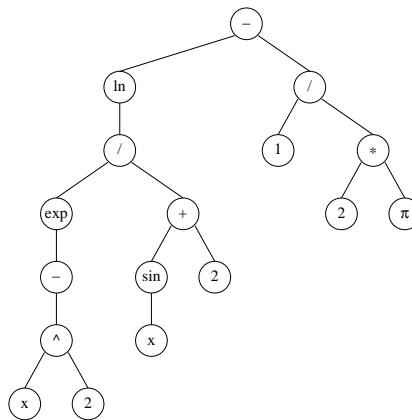
## EXPRESSION TREE

University of Wrocław  
Institute of Computer Science

*Pawel Rzechonek*

### Exercise

An expression tree is a rooted tree, which is used to represent a mathematical expression. Each internal node in the tree is an arithmetic operation or mathematical function, and all leaves are operands (constants or variables). For example, the expression  $\ln \frac{e^{x^2}}{\sin x + 2} - \frac{1}{2\pi}$  could be shown as the following expression tree:



Define abstract base class **Expression**, which will represent an arithmetic expression. Let us insert into the class a pure virtual method **value()** that will calculate a value of the expression.

```
class Expression
{
public:
    virtual double value () = 0;
    virtual ~Expression () = 0;
};
```

In the next step, define derived classes **Real** (a constant real number), **Var** (a variable), and other classes for arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, etc.) and mathematical functions. Design a class hierarchy for mathematical operations. Place the set of variables **map<string, double>** into the class **Var** as a static data member.

Finally write a short program, which will test your implementation of the mathematical expressions. Create an expression from the example, and calculate its value for  $x = 0.0, 0.1, 0.2, \dots, 1.0$ .

### Suggestion

Partition your code into the header and source files.

### Hint

Some information about the class **map<>** from STL (a sorted associative array of unique keys and associated data) can be found on the webpage:

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Map\\_\(C%2B%2B\\_container\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Map_(C%2B%2B_container))

Some information about the expression tree can be found on the webpage:

<http://www.brpreiss.com/books/opus5/html/page264.html>